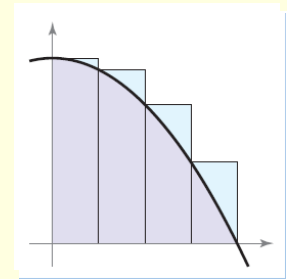


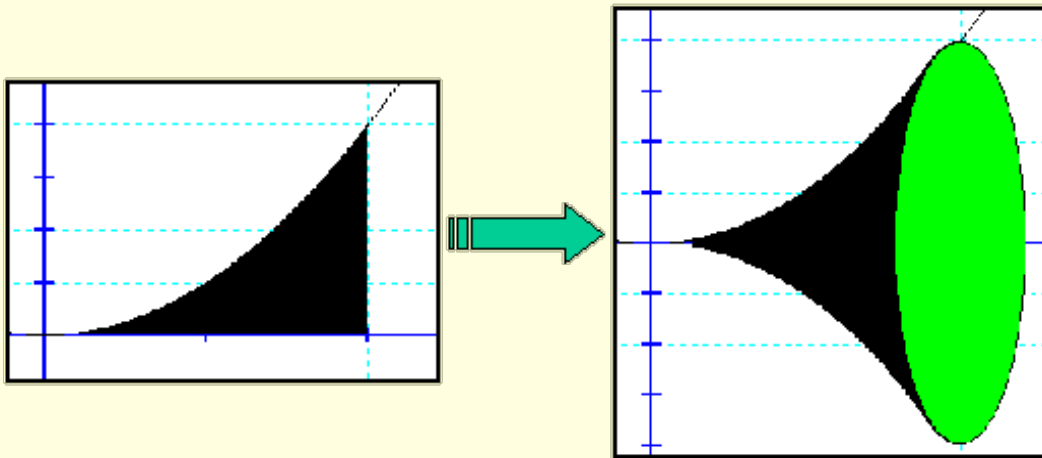
9.7 Definite Integrals with Linear Motion and Other Problems

Approximating the Area of Any Region

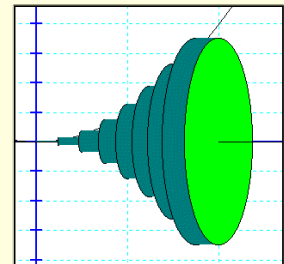


Here's how it works!

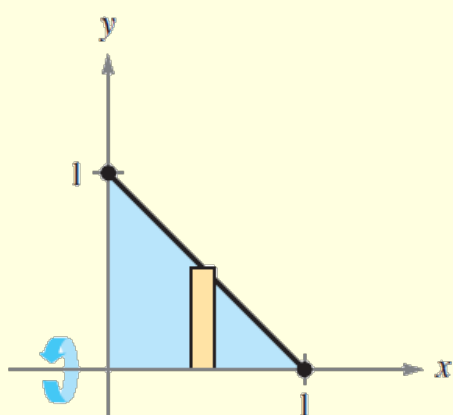
Solids of Revolution



Solids of Revolution Using Discs

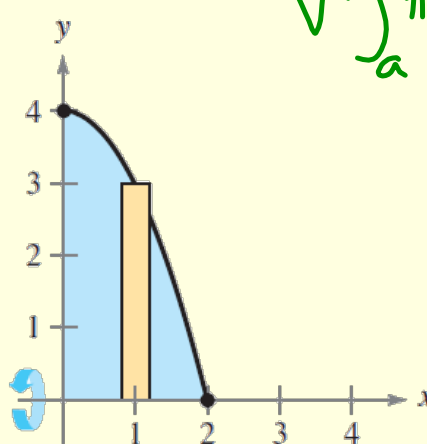


1. $y = -x + 1$



$$V = \pi \int_0^1 (-x+1)^2 dx$$

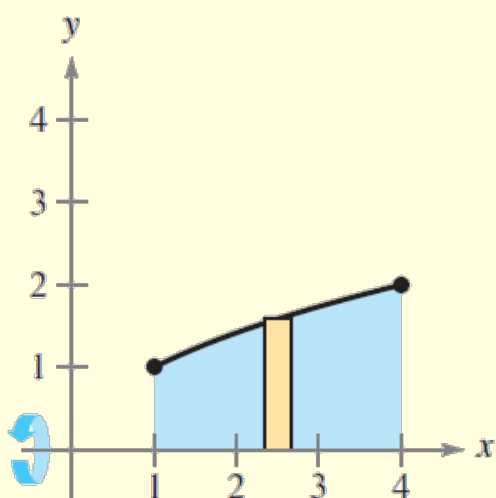
2. $y = 4 - x^2$



$$V = \int_a^b \pi y^2 dx$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^2 (4-x^2)^2 dx$$

3. $y = \sqrt{x}$

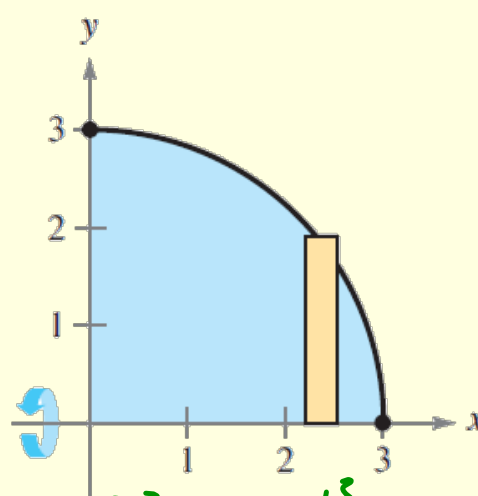


$$V = \pi \int_1^4 (\sqrt{x})^2 dx$$

$$= \pi \int_1^4 x dx$$

$$= \pi \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \right]_1^4 = \pi \left(\frac{1}{2} (4)^2 - \frac{1}{2} (1)^2 \right) = 7.5\pi$$

4. $y = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$



$$V = \pi \int_0^3 (\sqrt{9 - x^2})^2 dx$$

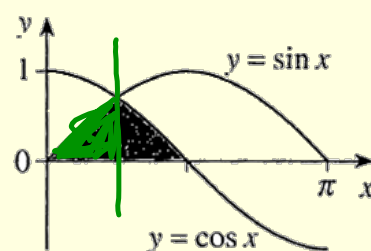
$$= \pi \int_0^3 (9 - x^2) dx$$

Practice

$$\sin x = \cos x$$

$$\tan x = \frac{1}{1}$$

The curves $y = \sin x$ and $y = \cos x$ enclose a region as shaded in the sketch.

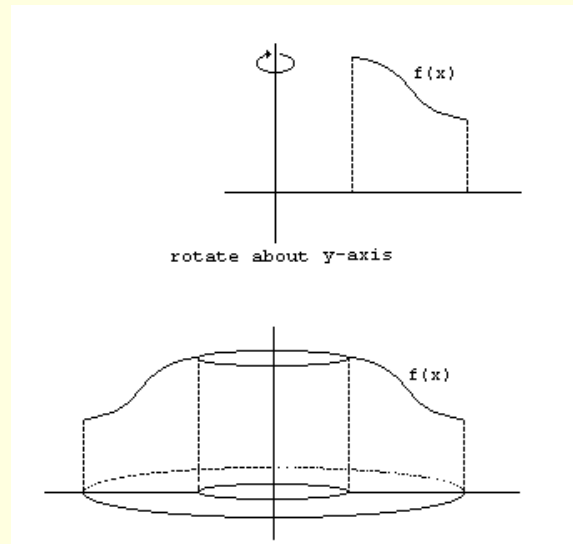
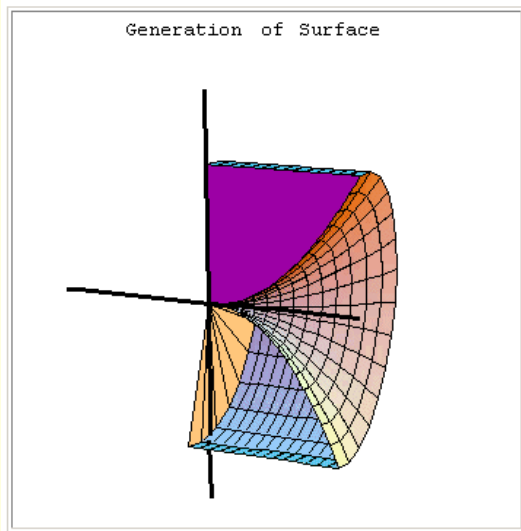


- Find the exact area of the shaded region.
- Find the volume generated when this region is rotated about the x -axis, correct to three significant figures.

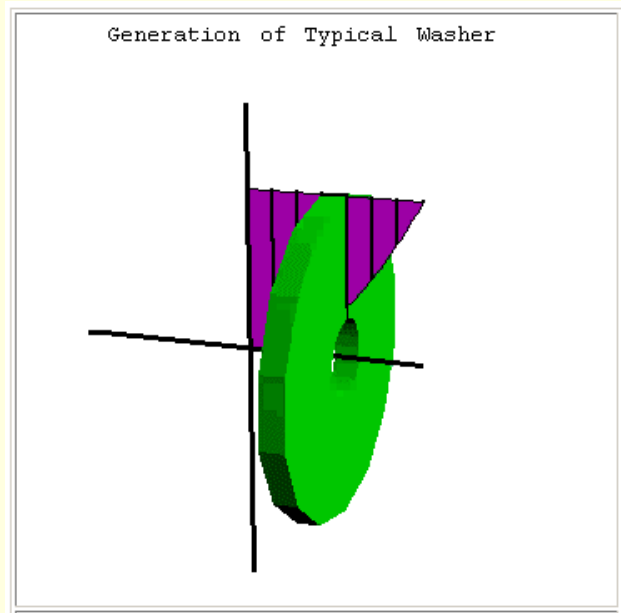
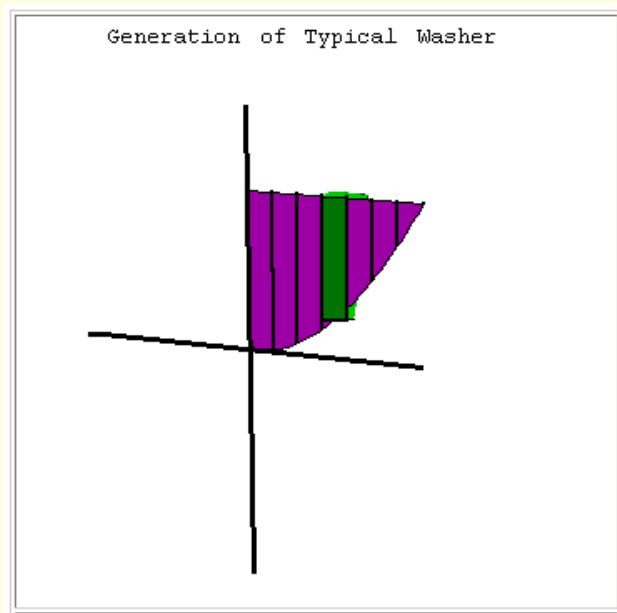
$$a) A = \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin x \, dx + \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \cos x \, dx$$

$$A =$$

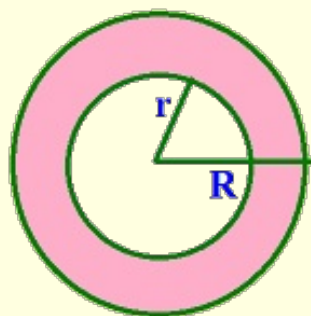
Solids of Revolution



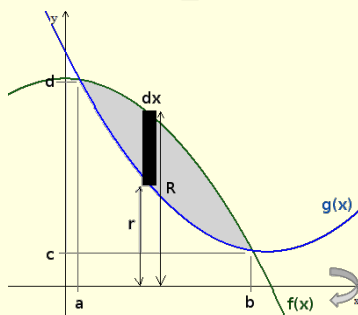
Solids of Revolution Using Washers



Area of a
Washer

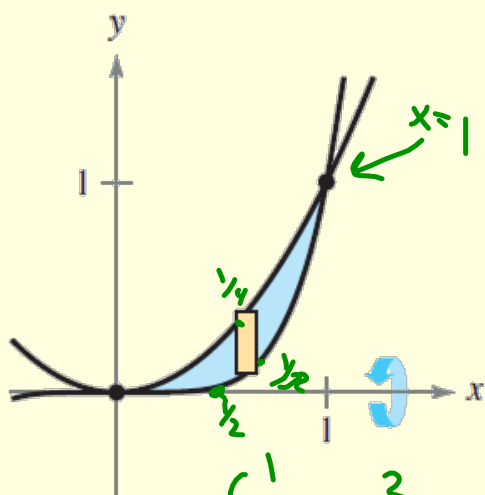


Volume of
a Solid

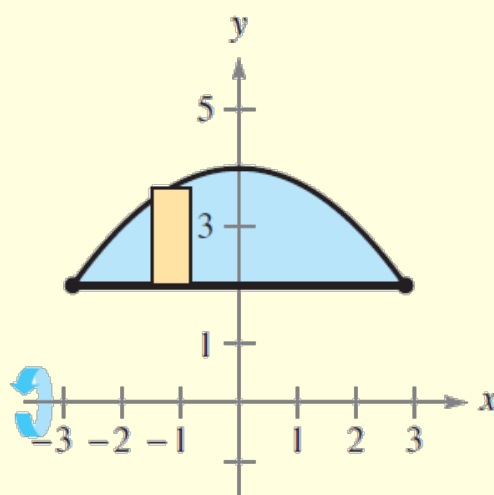


$$V = \pi \int_a^b R(x)^2 - r(x)^2 dx$$

5. $y = x^2, y = x^5$



6. $y = 2, y = 4 - \frac{x^2}{4}$



$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \pi \int_0^1 (x^2)^2 - (x^5)^2 dx \\
 &= \pi \int_0^1 x^4 - x^{10} dx \\
 &= \pi \left[\frac{1}{5} x^5 - \frac{1}{11} x^{11} \right]_0^1 \\
 &= \pi \left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{11} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Practice

Consider the region bounded by the graphs $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and $g(x) = x^2$.

- a) Without using a calculator, find the intersection points of the two curves.
- b) Without using a calculator, sketch these graphs on the same axis.
- c) Find the exact area bounded by these curves.
- d) Find the exact volume of the solid of revolution formed by rotating this area around the x -axis.

Homework Assignment:

Exercise 9N