

### 4.5 Rational Functions and Asymptotes

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In the past, you may have studied negative exponents. They are used to represent variables that are in the denominator of a fraction.

Fraction form	Power form	Fraction form	Power form
$\frac{1}{x^2}$			$2x^{-1}$
$\frac{3}{x^2}$		$\frac{2}{3x^3}$	
$\frac{1}{2x^2}$			$4x^{-3}$
$\frac{1}{x}$		$\frac{4}{x}$	

Polynomial functions can also contain terms with negative exponents.

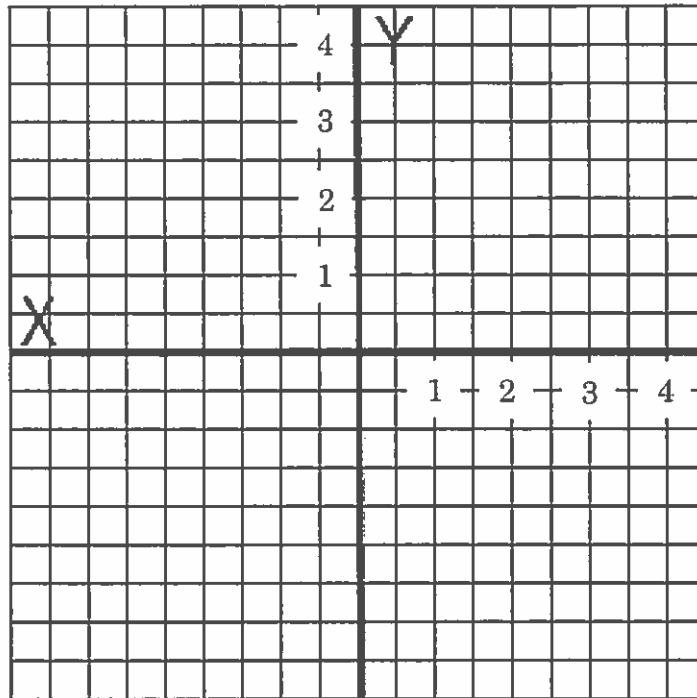
$f(x)$ in Fraction form	$f(x)$ in Power form
$f(x) = 3x^2 + \frac{2}{x}$	
	$f(x) = 2x + 50x^{-2}$
	$f(x) = 2x^2 + 2000x^{-1}$
$f(x) = 21 + \frac{79}{x}$	

If a function has a variable in the denominator, then it is called a rational function.

These functions can have vertical and horizontal asymptotes.

1.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

$x$	$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$
3	
2	
1	
$\frac{1}{2}$	
0	
$-\frac{1}{2}$	
-1	
-2	
-3	



Vertical Asymptote:

Domain:

Horizontal Asymptote:

Range:

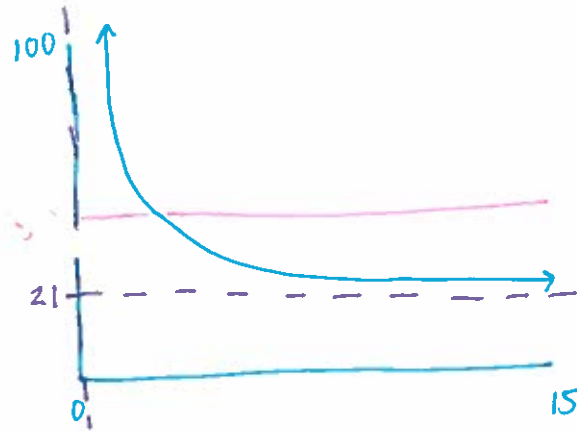
What happens to  $y$  as  $x$  gets closer to zero?

What happens to  $y$  as  $x$  gets larger and larger?

2. The temperature of water as it cools to room temperature is modeled by the following function, where  $x$  is the time in minutes and  $f(x)$  represents the temperature in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

$$f(x) = 21 + \frac{79}{x}, \quad x \neq 0$$

- a) Use your GDC to sketch the graph of the function for  $0 < x \leq 15$  and  $0 < y \leq 100$ . Indicate the asymptotes with dashed lines.



- b) Calculate the temperature of the water after 10 minutes.

$$f(10) = 28.9^{\circ}\text{C}$$

- c) How many minutes does it take for the temperature to cool down to  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ ? Show this on your graph in part a).

$$x = 2.72 \text{ minutes.}$$

- d) Write down the equation of the vertical asymptote.

$$x = 0$$

- e) Write down the equation of the horizontal asymptote.

$$y = 21$$

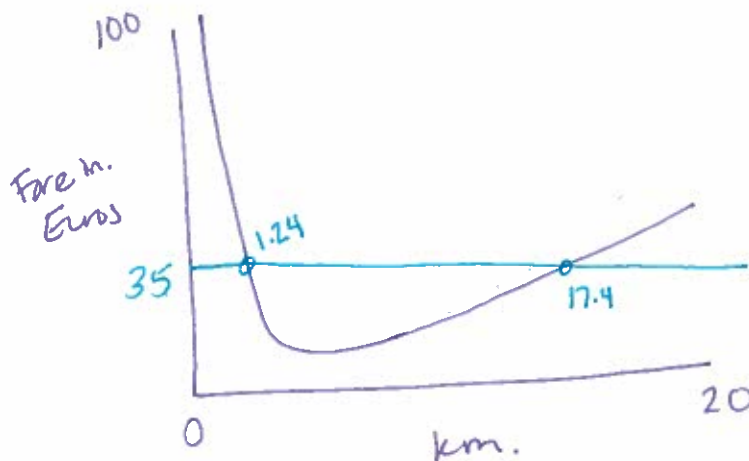
- f) Write down the room temperature.

$$21^{\circ}\text{C}$$

3. A taxi company's fares depend on the distance, in kilometers, traveled. The fares are calculated using the formula below, where  $x$  is number of kilometers traveled and  $f(x)$  is the fare in euros.

$$f(x) = 2x + \frac{50}{x^2}, \quad x \neq 0$$

- a) Sketch the graph of the function for  $0 < x \leq 20$ .



- b) Find the cost of a journey of 10 kilometers.

$$F(10) = 20.5 \text{ Euros.}$$

- c) Two different journeys will both cost 35 euros. Find the distances of these two journeys. Show this on your graph in part a).

$$17.4 \text{ km or } 1.24 \text{ km.}$$

- d) Find the distance traveled that gives the cheapest fare.

$$x = 3.68 \text{ km}$$

$$y = (11.05 \text{ Euros})$$

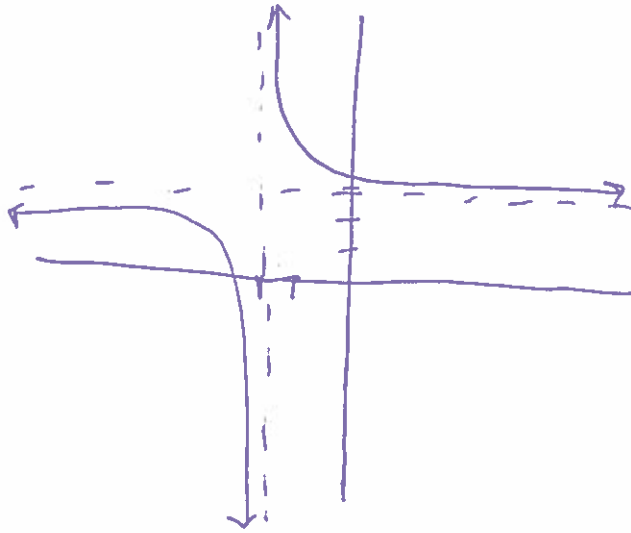
- e) Write down the domain of the function.

$$x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 0$$

- f) Write down the range of the function.

$$y \geq 11.05$$

4. a) Use your GDC to sketch the graph of  $f(x) = 3 + \frac{6}{x+2}$ ,  $x \neq -2$ , for  $-10 \leq x \leq 10$ .



- b) Find the value of  $f(8)$ .

$$f(8) = 3.6$$

- c) Find the  $x$ -intercept.

$$(-4, 0)$$

- d) Write down the equations of the vertical and horizontal asymptotes.

$$x = -2 \quad y = 3$$

- e) Write down the domain of the function.

$$x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq -2$$

- f) Write down the range of the function.

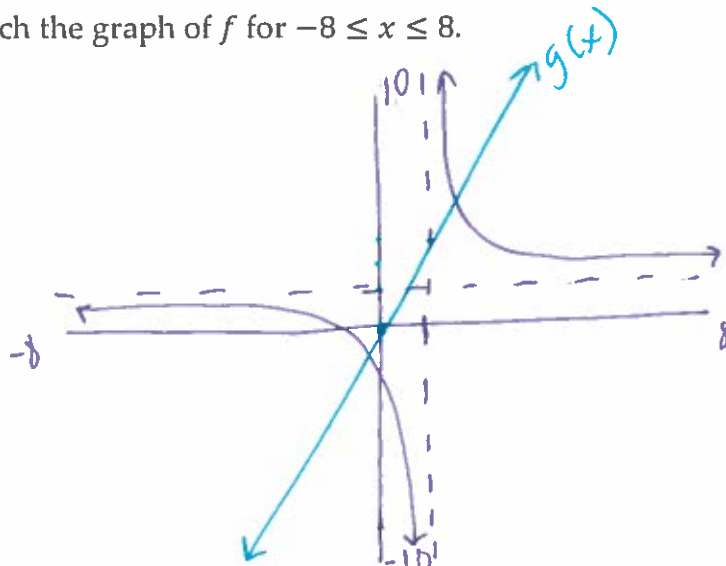
$$y \in \mathbb{R}, y \neq 3$$

5. The functions  $f$  and  $g$  are defined by

$$f(x) = 1 + \frac{4}{x-1}, \quad x \neq 1$$

$$g(x) = 3x$$

- a) Sketch the graph of  $f$  for  $-8 \leq x \leq 8$ .



- b) Write down the equations of the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of the function  $f$ .

$$VA: x = 1$$

$$HA: y = 1$$

- c) Sketch the graph of  $g$  on the same axes.

- d) Find the solutions to  $f(x) = g(x)$ .  $x = -0.535$  or  $1.87$

- e) Write down the range of  $f(x)$ .

$$y \in \mathbb{R}, y \neq 1$$

- f) Write down the domain of  $g(x)$ .

$$x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 1$$