

2.4 Measures of Central Tendency

Descriptive Statistics

Mean: average

Median: middle value, from list of least to greatest

Mode: value which occurs most often

A measure of "central tendency" is a number that is representative of a set of data. It speaks for the data set as a whole - in the "aggregate". Three common measures are used:

- mean \bar{x} : add all the values in the set and divide by the number of values
- the mean is greatly affected [skewed] by extreme values in the data
- median: the middle value of a set of ordered data
- if there is an odd number of values, it is the middle value
 - if there is an even number of values, it is the average of the two middle values
 - the median is not affected by extreme values in the data: stable
- mode: the most frequent value of a set of data

Hours slept the night before a final exam:

3 5 5 3 4 3 5 1 2 3
 4 3 2 0 3 2 1 3 1 10

Mean: $\bar{x} = 3.15$ Median: 3 Mode: 3

Weights of Women's Running shoes:

9.1 11.3 10.9 12.3 11.1 10.6 12.5 13.5 11.0 13.0 10.8 11.0 9.7
11.0 10.5 10.4 10.0 14.0 11.5 11.5 10.5 10.5 10.3 11.7 11.6

Mean: 11.212 Median: 11 Mode: 10.5 and 11

IB Practice A

In the following ordered data, the mean is 6 and the median is 5.

2, b, 3, ϕ , 6, 9, 10, 12

- a) Find the value of a.
b) Find the value of b.

$$a) \bar{5} = \frac{a+b}{2}$$

$$10 = a+b$$
$$\boxed{a=4}$$

$$b) \frac{2+b+3+4+6+9+10+12}{8} = 6$$

$$b+46 = 48$$
$$\boxed{b=2}$$

IB Practice B

Peter has marked 80 exams. He calculated the mean for the exams to be 62.1
 Maria has marked 60 exams with a mean mark of 56.8.

- a) Peter discovers an error in his marking. He gives ~~two extra marks to eleven~~ ⁺²² of his exams. Calculate the new value of the mean for Peter's exams.
- b) After the corrections have been made and the marks changed, Peter and Maria put all their exams together. Calculate the value of the mean for all the exams.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) Points he had: } & 62.1(80) = 4968 \text{ pts} \\ & \quad \quad \quad + 22 \\ & \quad \quad \quad \hline & \quad \quad \quad 4990 \div 80 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & \frac{62.375(80) + 56.8(60)}{140} = 62.375 \text{ pts.} \\ & = 59.985 \\ & \approx 60.0 \end{aligned}$$

Data:

Recovery Time from Injury [weeks]	Number of Athletes	Total of the Data
1	5	5
2	8	13
3	12	25
4	19	44
5	7	51
6	4	55
7	3	58
8	2	60

Mean: 3.82

Median: 4

Mode: 4

Distance Walked	^{L1} Data	^{L2} Number of Walkers	Total of the Data
1-5	3	14	14
6-10	8	9	23
11-15	13	11	34
16-20	18	10	44
21-25	23	6	50

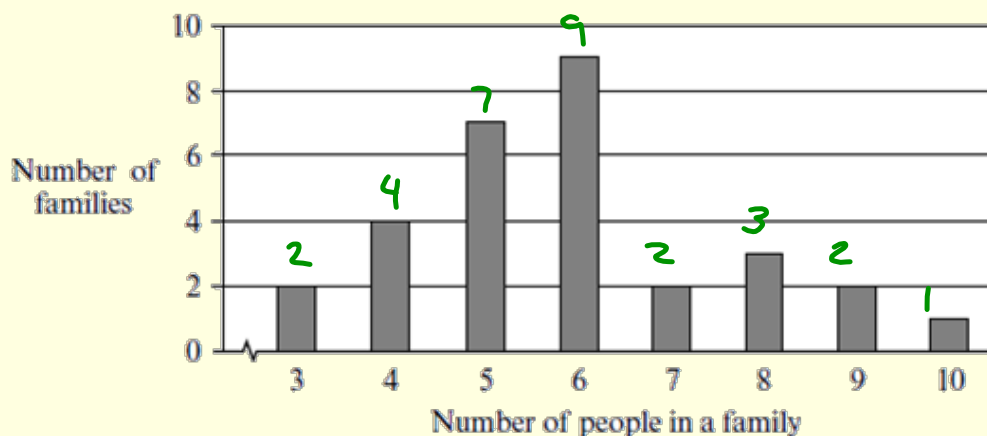
Mean: 11.5

Median: 13

Mode: 1-5 (3)

IB Practice C:

The bar chart below shows the number of people in a selection of families.



- (a) How many families are represented? *30 families*
- (b) Write down the mode of the distribution. *6 people families*
- (c) Find, correct to the nearest whole number, the mean number of people in a family.

$$\bar{x} = 5.9$$

$$\approx 6 \text{ people}$$

# in Fam	# of Families
3	2
4	4
5	7
6	9
7	2
8	3
9	2
10	1

IB Practice D:

Twenty students are asked how many detentions they received during the previous week at school. The results are summarised in the frequency distribution table below.

Number of detentions x	Number of students f	fx
0	6	6
1	3	9
2	10	19
3	1	20
Total	20	

(a) What is the modal number of detentions received?

2

(b) (i) Complete the table.

(ii) Find the mean number of detentions received.

1.3

IB Practice E:

David looked at a passage from a book. He recorded the number of words in each sentence as shown in the following frequency table.

- a) Find the class interval in which the median lies. *100 data values*

*50th - 51st →
11-15*

- b) Estimate, correct to the nearest whole number, the mean number of words in a sentence.

13 words

Class interval (number of words)	Frequency f
1 - 5	16
6 - 10	28
11 - 15	26
16 - 20	14
21 - 25	10
26 - 30	3
31 - 35	1
36 - 40	0
41 - 45	2

IB Practice F:

The figure below shows the lengths in centimeters of fish found in the net of a small boat.

- a) Find the total number of fish in the net.

51 fish

Number of fish

- b) Find

- (i) the modal length interval,

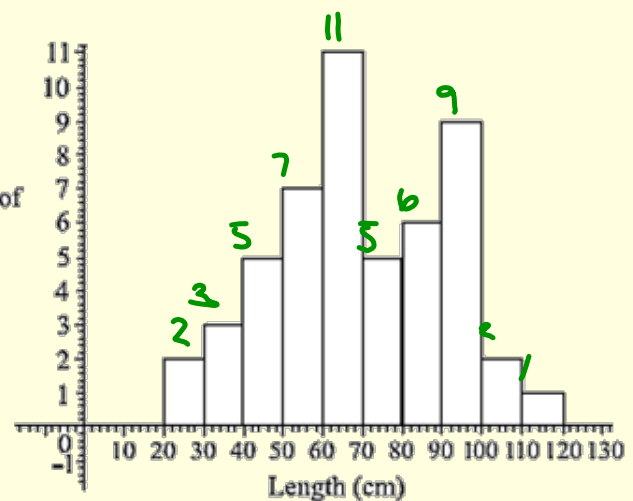
60-70 cm

- (ii) the interval containing the median length,

26th fish: 60-70 cm

- (iii) an estimate of the mean length,

69.5 cm



Homework:

WS 1-11 all